Look out for migratory birds

The Wasan Paddy Field is a haven of paddy and freshwater habitat for migratory birds. The prime season to search for migratory waterbirds is between Season to search for migratory waterbirds is between october and early April.

Get together with the local birders

Bird(er)s of a feather learn better together. The official language in Brunei is Malay but English is widely spoken, so be sure to mingle with the locals.

Some sites in Brunei may require a permit to enter, especially if it's deep in the forest.

✓ Look up the sites in advance

BIRDING



Brunei has a wide range of accommodation at competitive rates. International standard, mid-range, budget hotels and youth centres are all and youth centres are all

ACCOMMODATION

CURRENCY

Brunei Dollar (B\$) is

Singapore Dollar that is
also accepted as
equivalent exchange.

Bahasa Melayu (Malay) is the national language but English is widely spoken.

LANGUAGE

The country's population of about 400,000 Comprises 67% Malays, 15% Chinese, 6% tribes indigenous to Borneo and 12% others.

NOITAJU909

A hot tropical climate with high humidity and rainfall. Rainfall occurs throughout the year but is heaviest between September and December. Temperatures range from Temparatures range from humidity is 79%.

CLIMATE

CAPITAL Bandar Seri Begawan

The country comprises of two parts totaling 5,765 sq km, divided into four districts: Brunei-Muara, west, and Temburong in the east, which is less

AREA SIZE

BRUNEI IN BRIEF

Brunei also offers relative ease of access to birdwatching sites thanks to the short distance from the capital to Temburong, Tutong and Belait districts in addition to having excellent road conditions, making it convenient

for birdwatchers to travel from one site to another.

The Brunei rainforest acts as a common stop to a slew of migratory birds due to its strategic location, resulting in a high concentration of bird species passing through Brunei during certain times of the year. This provides ample opportunities for birdwatchers to observe a diverse range of birds in one place, making Brunei a treasure trove for avid birdwatchers.

Long-Toed Stint.

Borneo is home to over 700 bird species, many of which are found in Brunei. Around 60 species are endemic to Borneo, with up to 10 of these can be found in the country. Overall, Brunei is home to about 450 species in an area of 5,765 square km (4.5% of all birds in the world). Here you'll find an array of hornbills, barbets, babblers, sunbirds, spiderhunters, leafbirds, trogons and charming waders such as the Marsh Sandpiper and charming waders such as the Marsh Sandpiper and

Located on the northern coast of Borneo island in Southeast Asia, Brunei serves as an excellent location for birdwatching due to its rich biodiversity, pristine rainforests and abundance of food supply for the birds.

BBNNEIS MHX



BIRDS TO BE FOUND IN BRUNEI

As birds migrate from one place to another, these are some of the birds that can be potentially found in Brunei depending on the time of the year. A few of them are endemic to Borneo so it's highly encouraged to try spotting these birds to make the most of your time in Brunei.



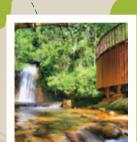


Brahminy Kite Haliastur indus Can be seen soaring above swamps, coasts and mangroves



Tutong

Brunei-Muara O



Tasek Lama



Ulu Temburong National Park

Temburong

Luagan Lalak

Belait



Kampong Ayer



Tasek Merimbun



Garnet Pitta Erythropitta granatina **Ulu Temburong**



Bornean Bristlehead Pityriasis gymnocephala Peatswamps of Badas Area



Barred Eagle Owl Bubo sumatranus Badas Road



Great Slaty Woodpecker Mulleripicus pulverulentus **Badas Road**



Spectacled Flowerpecker Dicaeum dayakorum **Ulu Temburong** canopy walk



Cinnamon-headed Green-pigeon Treron fulvicollis baramensis Along Badas and the kerangas forests on the southern fringes of Andulau **Forest Reserve**